

Constitution

Introductory rules

Name

The name of the Club is Manawatu Marine Boating Club Incorporated (in this **Constitution** referred to as the '**Club**').

Charitable status

The **Club** is not and does not intend to be registered as a charitable entity under the Charities Act 2005.

Definitions

In this **Constitution**, unless the context requires otherwise, the following words and phrases have the following meanings:

'**Act**' means the Incorporated Societies Act 2022 or any Act which replaces it (including amendments to it from time to time), and any regulations made under the Act or under any Act which replaces it.

'**Annual General Meeting**' means a meeting of the **Members** of the **Club** held once per year which, among other things, will receive and consider reports on the **Club's** activities and finances.

'**Commodore**' means the **Officer** responsible for chairing **General Meetings** and **Executive** meetings, and who provides leadership for the **Club**.

'**Executive**' means the **Club's** governing body.

'**Constitution**' means the rules in this document.

'**Vice Commodore**' means the **Officer** elected or appointed to deputise in the absence of the **Commodore**.

'**General Meeting**' means either an **Annual General Meeting** or a **Special General Meeting** of the **Members** of the **Club**.

‘Interested Member’ means a **Member** who is interested in a matter for any of the reasons set out in section 62 of the **Act**.

‘Interests Register’ means the register of interests of **Officers**, kept under this **Constitution** and as required by section 73 of the **Act**.

‘Matter’ means—

1. the **Club’s** performance of its activities or exercise of its powers; or
2. an arrangement, agreement, or contract (a transaction) made or entered into, or proposed to be entered into, by the **Club**.

‘Member’ means a person who has consented to become a **Member** of the **Club** and has been properly admitted to the **Club** who has not ceased to be a **Member** of the **Club**.

‘Notice’ to **Members** includes any notice given by email, post, or courier.

‘Officer’ means a natural person who is:

- a member of the **Executive**, or
- occupying a position in the **Club** that allows them to exercise significant influence over the management or administration of the **Club**, including any Chief Executive or Treasurer.

‘Register of Members’ means the register of **Members** kept under this **Constitution** as required by section 79 of the **Act**.

‘Secretary’ means the **Officer** responsible for the matters specifically noted in this **Constitution**.

‘Special General Meeting’ means a meeting of the **Members**, other than an **Annual General Meeting**, called for a specific purpose or purposes.

‘Working Days’ mean as defined in the Legislation Act 2019. Examples of days that are not **Working Days** include, but are not limited to, the following — a Saturday, a Sunday, Waitangi Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, ANZAC Day, the Sovereign’s birthday, Te Rā Aro ki a Matariki/Matariki Observance Day, and Labour Day.

Purposes

The primary purposes of the **Club** are to—

- Encourage recreational boating in all its aspect including powered and unpowered pleasure boats.

- To provide and improve all aspects of safe boating and seamanship.
- Promote social intercourse between members and kindred clubs.
- To undertake and execute any trusts which are conducive to the Club's objects and powers.
- To invest any monies of the Club not required for its immediate use in such trustee securities as may be authorised by law from time to time or by the deposit of the same at interest or in a current account in any operating Bank in New Zealand.
- Generally, to purchase, take on, lease or exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any real and personal property and any rights or privileges which the Club may think necessary and convenient for the purpose of any of the objects of the Club and to maintain the same.
- To acquire or obtain from, or make any arrangement with the government, territorial authority or otherwise or any corporation, company or charter which the Club deems desirable to obtain, or which are conducive to any of the objects of the Club and to accept, make payments under, carry out, exercise, and comply with any such arrangements, authority, right, privilege, concession, contract or charter.
- To buy, sell, lease, exchange, bail, grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise deal with or dispose of the Club's undertakings or any part thereof or any property or interest in any property, rights, concessions or privileges belonging to the Club either together or in portions to any government, territorial authority or otherwise or corporation, company, firm or person for such consideration or premium or upon such terms the Club deems fit, provided it conforms to the rules of the Club.
- To accept or reject any legacy or bequest or gift with or without conditions.
- To do such other things as in the opinion of the Club may be incidental or conducive to the attainment of any of the foregoing objects or the exercise of any of the foregoing powers.

The **Club** must not operate for the purpose of, or with the effect of—

- distributing, any gain, profit, surplus, dividend, or other similar financial benefit to any of its **Members** (whether in money or in kind); or
- having capital that is divided into shares or stock held by its **Members**; or
- holding, property in which its members have a disposable interest (whether directly, or in the form of shares or stock in the capital of the Club or otherwise).

But the **Club** will not operate for the financial gain of **Members** simply if the **Club**—

- engages in trade,
- pays a **Member** for matters that are incidental to the purposes of the **Club**, and the **Member** is a not-for-profit entity,
- distributes funds to a **Member** to further the purposes of the **Club**, and the **Member**—
 - is a not-for-profit entity, and

- is affiliated or closely related to the **Club**, and
- has the same, or substantially the same, purposes as those of the **Club**.
- reimburses a **Member** for reasonable expenses legitimately incurred on behalf of the **Club** or while pursuing the **Club's** purposes,
- provides benefits to members of the public or of a class of the public and those persons include **Members** or their families,
- provides benefits to **Members** or their families to alleviate hardship,
- provides educational scholarships or grants to **Members** or their families,
- pays a **Member** a salary or wages or other payments for services to the **Club** on arm's length terms (terms reasonable in the circumstances if the parties were connected or related only by the transaction in question, each acting independently, and each acting in its own best interests; or are terms less favourable to the **Member** than those terms and the payment for services, or other transaction, does not include any share of a gain, profit, or surplus, percentage of revenue, or other reward in connection with any gain, profit, surplus, or revenue of the **Club**),
- provides a **Member** with incidental benefits (for example, trophies, prizes, or discounts on products or services) in accordance with the purposes of the **Club**.
- on removal of the **Club** from the Register of Incorporated Societies having its surplus assets distributed under subpart 5 of Part 5 of the **Act** to a **Member** that is a not-for-profit entity.

Act and Regulations

Nothing in this **Constitution** authorises the **Club** to do anything which contravenes or is inconsistent with the **Act**, any regulations made under the **Act**, or any other legislation.

Restrictions on Club powers

The **Club** must not be carried on for the financial gain of any of its members.

The **Club's** capacity, rights, powers, and privileges are subject to the following restrictions (if any)—

- The **Club** does not have the power to borrow money except if authorised by a resolution passed and agreed to by two-thirds majority at any General Meeting of the Club may borrow or raise money and secure payment thereof in such manner as the Club shall by such resolution determine and in particular by mortgage, charge or lien upon the whole or any part of the Club's property or assets, (present or future).

Registered office

The registered office of the **Club** shall be at such place in New Zealand as the **Executive** from time to time determines.

Changes to the registered office shall be notified to the Registrar of Incorporated Societies—

- at least 5 working days before the change of address for the registered office is due to take effect, and
- in a form and as required by the **Act**.

Contact person

The **Club** shall have at least 1 but no more than 3 contact person(s) whom the Registrar can contact when needed.

The **Club's** contact person must be:

- At least 18 years of age, and
- Ordinarily resident in New Zealand.

A contact person can be appointed by the **Executive** or elected by the **Members** at a **General Meeting**.

Each contact person's name must be provided to the Registrar of Incorporated Societies, along with their contact details, including:

- a physical address or an electronic address, and
- a telephone number.

Any change in that contact person or that person's name or contact details shall be advised to the Registrar of Incorporated Societies within 20 **Working Days** of that change occurring, or the **Club** becoming aware of the change.

Members

Minimum number of members

The **Club** shall maintain the minimum number of **Members** required by the **Act** (10)

Types of members

The classes of membership and the method by which **Members** are admitted to different classes of membership are as follows:

- **Member**

A **Member** is a husband and wife/partnership and their dependent children herein referred to as a family with the following provisos:

- i. Dependent children being under the age of seventeen (17) years as described in the rules as junior member.
- ii. Any dependent child attending school or any tertiary institution on full time basis
- iii. A family being entitled to one (1) vote at a General Meeting and only one may hold office.

If family members wish to have more than one vote, then a separate membership fee must be paid for each voting member to obtain full voting rights as a Member and must conform to the Constitution of the Club. No member may have more than one vote.

- **Life Member**

A **Life Member** is any person for sufficient reason may, if unanimously nominated by the Executive for that purpose, be elected at any General Meeting a Life Member of the Club.

- i. Such election shall be by two-thirds majority by ballot.
- ii. Life Members shall be entitled to the privileges of the Club and entitled to vote and bear office and shall be subject to the constitution
- iii. Life Members shall pay no subscriptions from the date life membership is confirmed.

- **Honorary Member**

An **Honorary Member** – The Executive shall have the power to elect by unanimous vote any person whom it may think fit to be an Honorary Member for a term not exceeding two (2) years.

- i. An Honorary Member shall not be liable to pay an entrance fee or annual subscription but shall be entitled to all the privileges of membership except that he shall not be entitled to vote upon any question concerning the Club or be eligible to bear office on the Executive.

- **Junior Member**

A **Junior Member** – any person who is under the age of seventeen (17) years may be elected a Junior Member.

- i. The qualification and procedure for such election shall be the same as for Members.
- ii. The Executive shall have power in its discretion to make regulations limiting or qualifying the rights and privileges of Junior Members when the opinion of the Executive such limitation or qualification is in the interest of the other members of the Club, notwithstanding they shall be entitled to attend a General or Special General Meeting of the Club but not to vote or hold any of the offices set out in the rules of the Club.
- iii. Any Junior Member shall become a Member on the 30th day of June next, after attaining the age of seventeen (17) years.

Becoming a member: consent

Every applicant for membership must consent in writing to becoming a **Member**.

Becoming a member: process

- a) A prospective member shall make application on the prescribed form which shall be completed by two financial members of the Club in the capacity of proposer and seconder.
- b) The application must be accompanied by the appropriate entrance fee and one years' subscription.
- c) Election to membership shall be by at least a 75% majority of those present at the next Executive meeting or passed with no objection when circulated to the Executive Members. If one or more objection is received from a member of the Executive, the application must be deferred to the next Executive meeting.
- d) The **Executive** may accept or decline an application for membership at its sole discretion. The **Executive** must advise the applicant of its decision.
- e) The signed written consent of every **Member** to become a **Club Member** shall be retained in the **Club's** membership records.

Members' obligations and rights

Every **Member** shall provide the **Club** in writing with that **Member's** name and contact details (namely, physical or email address and a telephone number) and promptly advise the **Club** in writing of any changes to those details.

- All **Members** shall promote the interests and purposes of the **Club** and shall do nothing to bring the **Club** into disrepute.
- A **Member** is only entitled to exercise the rights of membership (including attending and voting at **General Meetings**, accessing or using the **Club's** premises, facilities, equipment and other property, and participating in **Club** activities) if all subscriptions and any other fees have been paid to the **Club** by their respective due dates, but no **Member** or **Life Member** is liable for an obligation of the **Club** by reason only of being a **Member**.
- The **Executive** may decide what access or use **Members** may have of or to any premises, facilities, equipment or other property owned, occupied or otherwise used by the **Club**, and to participate in **Club** activities, including any conditions of and fees for such access, use or involvement.

Subscriptions and fees

- a) The Executive may impose and amend an entrance fee on the various classes of members and when the Entrance Fee may be applied.
- b) For Junior Membership the Entrance Fee shall be fifty (50) percent of the Entrance Fee imposed for Members.
- c) The annual subscription and other levies shall be determined and fixed at each Annual General Meeting and shall be payable by no later than the 31st day of October in each year. Failure to comply may result in expulsion from the Club unless the Executive is advised of extenuating circumstances in which case it shall be the decision of the Executive to apply this rule.
- d) The financial year of the Club shall conclude on the 30th day of June in each year.
- e) An auditor who shall not be a member of the Executive shall be elected at the Annual General Meeting. The Financial Statements will be reviewed annually, and an audit will take place every fifth (5) year. The auditor shall examine the Financial Statements and all accounts relating thereto and if accounts are found correct shall certify its correctness and sign same.

Ceasing to be a member

A **Member** ceases to be a **Member**—

- by resignation from that **Member's** class of membership by written notice signed by that **Member** to the **Executive** , or
- on termination of a **Member's** membership following a dispute resolution process under this **Constitution**, or
- on death, or
- by resolution of the **Executive** where—
 - The **Member** has failed to pay a subscription, levy or other amount due to the **Club** within 20 **Working Days** of the due date for payment.
 - In the opinion of the **Executive** the **Member** has brought the **Club** into disrepute.

with effect from (as applicable)—

- the date of receipt of the **Member's** notice of resignation by the **Executive** (or any subsequent date stated in the notice of resignation), or
- the date of termination of the **Member's** membership under this **Constitution**, or
- the date of death of the **Member**, or
- the date specified in a resolution of the **Executive** and when a **Member's** membership has been terminated the **Executive** shall promptly notify the former **Member** in writing.

Obligations once membership has ceased

A **Member** who has ceased to be a **Member** under this **Constitution**—

- remains liable to pay all subscriptions and other fees to the **Club's** next balance date,
- shall cease to hold himself or herself out as a **Member** of the **Club**, and
- shall return to the **Club** all material provided to **Members** by the **Club** (including any membership certificate, badges, handbooks and manuals).
- shall cease to be entitled to any of the rights of a **Club Member**.

Becoming a member again

Any former **Member** may apply for re-admission in the manner prescribed for new applicants, and may be re-admitted only by resolution of the **Executive**.

But, if a former **Member's** membership was terminated following a disciplinary or dispute resolution process, the applicant may be re-admitted only by a resolution passed unanimously by the **Executive**.

Visitors

Members have the privilege of inviting their guests. A **Member** inviting a Guest shall enter their name in the Club's Guest book and shall be responsible for the conduct of the Guest while on the Club's premises. A member of the public can not be a guest more than three (3) times a year.

Flags

The Club's bade, monogram and pennant shall be of such design and composition as the Club from time to time shall prescribe.

Club Property

- a) Regulations governing the management of the Club premises, property and activities shall be the responsibility of the **Executive** and shall from time to time be brought to the attention of the **Members**.
- b) No **Member** shall remove any property of the Club from the Club premises except under bylaws made by the **Executive**.
- c) **Members** may be required to pay the full cost of replacing any Club property destroyed, damaged or lost by them. In the event that the destruction, damage or loss is covered by the insurance of the **Club**, the **Member** may alternatively be asked to pay a percentage of the claims excess.

Members' Property

The **Club** will not be responsible for loss or damage to the property of any **Member** should such property be left at the Club's premises.

General meetings

Procedures for all general meetings

The **Executive** shall give all **Members** at least 10 **Working Days**' written **Notice** of any **General Meeting** and of the business to be conducted at that **General Meeting**.

That **Notice** will be addressed to the **Member** at the contact address notified to the **Club** and recorded in the **Club's** register of members. The **General Meeting** and its business will not be invalidated simply because one or more **Members** do not receive the **Notice** of the **General Meeting**.

Only financial **Members** may speak and vote at **General Meetings** in person. No proxy voting shall be permitted.

No **General Meeting** may be held unless at least five (5) percent of eligible financial **Members** attend throughout the meeting and this will constitute a quorum.

If, within half an hour after the time appointed for a meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting – if convened upon request of **Members** – shall be dissolved. In any other case it shall stand adjourned to a day, time and place determined by the **Commodore** of the **Club**, and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present those **Members** present in person shall be deemed to constitute a sufficient quorum.

A **Member** is entitled to exercise one vote on any motion at a **General Meeting** in person and voting at a **General Meeting** shall be by voices or by show of hands or, on demand of the **Commodore** or of 2 or more **Members** present, by secret ballot.

Unless otherwise required by this **Constitution**, all questions shall be decided by a simple majority of those in attendance in person and voting at a **General Meeting**.

Any decisions made when a quorum is not present are not valid.

Written resolutions may not be passed in lieu of a **General Meeting**.

- All **General Meetings** shall be chaired by the **Commodore**. If the **Commodore** is absent, the Vice **Commodore** shall chair that meeting.
- Any person chairing a **General Meeting** has a deliberative and, in the event of a tied vote, a casting vote.
- The **Executive** may propose motions for the **Club** to vote on ('**Executive Motions**'), which shall be notified to **Members** with the notice of the **General Meeting**.
- Any **Member** may request that a motion be voted on ('**Member's Motion**') at a **General Meeting**, by giving notice to the **Secretary** or **Executive** at least 21 **Working Days** before that meeting. The **Member** may also provide information in support of the motion ('**Member's Information**'). If notice of the motion is given to the **Secretary** or **Executive** before written **Notice** of the **General Meeting** is

given to **Members**, notice of the motion shall be provided to **Members** with the written **Notice** of the **General Meeting**.

Minutes

The **Club** must keep minutes of all **General Meetings**.

Annual General Meetings: when they will be held

An **Annual General Meeting** shall be held once a year on a date and at a location and/or using any electronic communication determined by the **Executive** and consistent with any requirements in the **Act**, and the **Constitution** relating to the procedure to be followed at **General Meetings** shall apply.

The **Annual General Meeting** must be held no later than the earlier of the following—

- 6 months after the balance date of the **Club**
- 15 months after the previous annual meeting.

Annual General Meetings: business

The business of an **Annual General Meeting** shall be to—

- confirm the minutes of the last **Annual General Meeting** and any **Special General Meeting(s)** held since the last **Annual General Meeting**,
- adopt the annual report on the operations and affairs of the **Club**,
- adopt the **Executive** 's report on the finances of the **Club**, and the annual financial statements,
- set any subscriptions for the current financial year,
- consider any motions of which prior notice has been given to **Members** with notice of the **Meeting**, and
- consider any general business.

The **Executive** must, at each **Annual General Meeting**, present the following information—

- an annual report on the operation and affairs of the **Club** during the most recently completed accounting period,
- the annual financial statements for that period, and
- notice of any disclosures of conflicts of interest made by **Officers** during that period (including a summary of the matters, or types of matters, to which those disclosures relate).

Special General Meetings

Special General Meetings may be called at any time by the **Executive** by resolution.

The **Executive** must call a **Special General Meeting** if it receives a written request signed by at least five (5) percent of the **Members**.

Any resolution or written request must state the business that the **Special General Meeting** is to deal with.

The rules in this **Constitution** relating to the procedure to be followed at **General Meetings** shall apply to a **Special General Meeting**, and a **Special General Meeting** shall only consider and deal with the business specified in the **Executive**'s resolution or the written request by **Members** for the **Meeting**.

Executive

Executive composition

The **Executive** will consist of up to twelve (12) **Officers**.

The **Executive** will consist of a Commodore, Vice Commodore, Secretary, Treasurer, Sailing Co-Ordinator, Fishing Co-Ordinator and a maximum of Six (6) other officers.

The Officers on the Executive must be **Members** of the Club.

Functions of the Executive

From the end of each **Annual General Meeting** until the end of the next, the **Club** shall be managed by, or under the direction or supervision of, the **Executive**, in accordance with the Incorporated Societies Act 2022, any Regulations made under that **Act**, and this **Constitution**.

Powers of the Executive

The **Executive** has all the powers necessary for managing — and for directing and supervising the management of — the operation and affairs of the **Club**, subject to such modifications, exceptions, or limitations as are contained in the **Act** or in this **Constitution**.

Sub-Executives

The **Executive** may appoint sub-Executives consisting of such persons (whether or not **Members** of the **Club**) and for such purposes as it thinks fit. Unless otherwise resolved by the **Executive** —

- the quorum of every sub-Executive is half the members of the sub-Executive but not less than 2,
- no sub-Executive shall have power to co-opt additional members,
- a sub-Executive must not commit the **Club** to any financial expenditure without express authority from the **Executive**, and
- a sub-Executive must not further delegate any of its powers.

General matters: Executives

The **Executive** and any sub-Executive may act by resolution approved during a conference call using audio and/or audio-visual technology or through a written ballot conducted by email, electronic voting system, or post, and any such resolution shall be recorded in the minutes of the next **Executive** or sub-Executive meeting.

Other than as prescribed by the **Act** or this **Constitution**, the **Executive** or any sub-Executive may regulate its proceedings as it thinks fit.

Executive meetings

Procedure

The quorum for **Executive** meetings is at least seven (7) members of the **Executive** .

A meeting of the **Executive** may be held either—

1. by a number of the members of the **Executive** who constitute a quorum, being assembled together at the place, date and time appointed for the meeting; or
2. by means of audio, or audio and visual, communication by which all members of the **Executive** participating and constituting a quorum can simultaneously hear each other throughout the meeting.

A resolution of the **Executive** is passed at any meeting of the **Executive** if a majority of the votes cast on it are in favour of the resolution. Every **Officer** on the **Executive** shall have one vote.

Except as otherwise provided in this **Constitution**, the **Executive** may regulate its own procedure.

Frequency

The **Executive** shall meet monthly at such times and places and in such manner (including by audio, audio and visual, or electronic communication) as it may determine and otherwise where and as convened by the **Commodore** or **Secretary**.

The **Secretary**, or other **Executive** member nominated by the **Executive**, shall give to all **Executive** members not less than 5 **Working Days**' notice of **Executive** meetings, but in cases of urgency a shorter period of notice shall suffice.

Officers

Qualifications of officers

Every **Officer** must be a natural person who—

- has consented in writing to be an officer of the **Club**; and
- no two members of a family shall be on the **Executive** at the same time (for the purpose of this “family” shall include spouse/de facto partner/civil union partner or any other person living in a relationship of the nature of marriage; and
- certifies that they are not disqualified from being elected or appointed or otherwise holding office as an **Officer** of the **Club**.

Officers must not be disqualified under section 47(3) of the **Act** from being appointed or holding office as an **Officer** of the **Club**, namely—

1. a person who is under 16 years of age
2. a person who is an undischarged bankrupt
3. a person who is prohibited from being a director or promoter of, or being concerned or taking part in the management of, an incorporated or unincorporated body under the Companies Act 1993, the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013, or the Takeovers Act 1993, or any other similar legislation
4. A person who is disqualified from being a member of the governing body of a charitable entity under the Charities Act 2005
5. a person who has been convicted of any of the following, and has been sentenced for the offence, within the last 7 years—
 1. an offence under subpart 6 of Part 4 of the **Act**

2. a crime involving dishonesty (within the meaning of section 2(1) of the Crimes Act 1961)
3. an offence under section 143B of the Tax Administration Act 1994
4. an offence, in a country other than New Zealand, that is substantially similar to an offence specified in subparagraphs (1) to (3)
5. a money laundering offence or an offence relating to the financing of terrorism, whether in New Zealand or elsewhere
6. a person subject to:
 1. a banning order under subpart 7 of Part 4 of the **Act**, or
 2. an order under section 108 of the Credit Contracts and Consumer Finance Act 2003, or
 3. a forfeiture order under the Criminal Proceeds (Recovery) Act 2009, or
 4. a property order made under the Protection of Personal and Property Rights Act 1988, or whose property is managed by a trustee corporation under section 32 of that Act.
7. a person who is subject to an order that is substantially similar to an order referred to in paragraph (6) under a law of a country, State, or territory outside New Zealand that is a country, State, or territory prescribed by the regulations (if any) of the **Act**.

Prior to election or appointment as an **Officer** a person must—

- consent in writing to be an **Officer**, and
- certify in writing that they are not disqualified from being elected or appointed as an **Officer** either by this **Constitution** or the **Act**.

Note that only a natural person may be an **Officer** and each certificate shall be retained in the **Club's** records.

Officers' duties

At all times each **Officer**:

1. shall act in good faith and in what he or she believes to be the best interests of the **Club**,
2. must exercise all powers for a proper purpose,
3. must not act, or agree to the **Club** acting, in a manner that contravenes the **Act** or this **Constitution**,
4. when exercising powers or performing duties as an **Officer**, must exercise the care and diligence that a reasonable person with the same responsibilities would exercise in the same circumstances taking into account, but without limitation:
 - the nature of the **Club**,
 - the nature of the decision, and

- the position of the **Officer** and the nature of the responsibilities undertaken by him or her
5. must not agree to the activities of the **Club** being carried on in a manner likely to create a substantial risk of serious loss to the **Club** or to the **Club's** creditors, or cause or allow the activities of the **Club** to be carried on in a manner likely to create a substantial risk of serious loss to the **Club** or to the **Club's** creditors, and
 6. must not agree to the **Club** incurring an obligation unless he or she believes at that time on reasonable grounds that the **Club** will be able to perform the obligation when it is required to do so.
 7. Shall not be employed by the Club in any senior capacity.

Election or appointment of officers

Except for the positions of Secretary and Treasurer (who shall be appointed by the **Executive**), and the Sailing Co-Ordinator (who is appointed by the Sailing Section), the remaining **Officers** shall be elected as follows.

1. At least ten (10) **Working Days** before the date of the **Annual General Meeting**, the **Club** shall give **Notice** to all **Members** by posting or emailing to them such information (not exceeding one side of an A4 sheet of paper) as may be supplied to the **Club** by or on behalf of each nominee, in support of the nomination.
2. Only nominees who are not disqualified from being appointed or holding office as an **Officer** (as described in the 'Qualification of Officers' rule above) may stand for election and vote in elections.
3. If there are insufficient valid nominations received under this rule, no nominations can be taken from the floor but the **Executive** may at any meeting of the **Executive**, by a vote of the majority of the members then present, co-opt any person or persons to become members of the **Executive** whether to fill a vacancy in the **Executive** or otherwise, and such person or persons when co-opted shall have all the powers of voting or otherwise of an elected member of the **Executive**.
4. Votes shall be cast in such a manner as the **Commodore** of the **Annual General Meeting** shall determine.
5. Two **Members** (who are not nominees) or non-**Members** appointed by the **Commodore** of the **Annual General Meeting** shall act as scrutineers for the counting of the votes and destruction of any voting papers.
6. The failure for any reason of any financial **Member** to receive such **Notice** shall not invalidate the election.
7. In the event of any vote being tied the tie shall be resolved by the incoming **Executive** (excluding those in respect of whom the votes are tied).

8. In addition to **Officers** elected under the foregoing provisions of this rule, the **Executive** may appoint other **Officers** for a specific purpose, or for a limited period, or generally until the next **Annual General Meeting**. Unless otherwise specified by the **Executive** any person so appointed shall have full speaking and voting rights as an **Officer** of the **Club**. Any such appointee must, before appointment, supply a signed consent to appointment and a certificate that the nominee is not disqualified from being appointed or holding office as an **Officer** (as described in the 'Qualification of Officers' rule above)

Term

The term of office for all **Officers** elected to the **Executive** shall be one (1) year, expiring at the end of the **Annual General Meeting** in the year corresponding with the last year of each **Officer's** term of office.

There shall be no maximum number of terms that any **Officer** shall serve. However all officer positions will be open to election on an annual basis, such elections to be held at the **Annual General Meeting**.

Removal of officers

An **Officer** shall be removed as an **Officer** by resolution of the **Executive** or the **Club** where in the opinion of the **Executive** or the **Club** —

- The **Officer** has brought the **Club** into disrepute.
- The **Officer** ceases to be a member of the **Club**

with effect from (as applicable) the date specified in a resolution of the **Executive** or **Club**.

Ceasing to hold office

An **Officer** ceases to hold office when they resign (by notice in writing to the **Executive**), are removed, die, or otherwise vacate office in accordance with section 50(1) of the **Act**.

Each **Officer** shall within Fourteen (14) **Working Days** of submitting a resignation or ceasing to hold office, deliver to the **Executive** all books, papers and other property of the **Club** held by such former **Officer**.

Conflicts of interest

An **Officer** or member of a sub-Executive who is an **Interested Member** in respect of any **Matter** being considered by the **Club**, must disclose details of the nature and extent of the interest (including any monetary value of the interest if it can be quantified)—

1. to the **Executive** and or sub-Executive, and
2. in an **Interests Register** kept by the **Executive**.

Disclosure must be made as soon as practicable after the **Officer** or member of a sub-Executive becomes aware that they are interested in the **Matter**.

An **Officer** or member of a sub-Executive who is an **Interested Member** regarding a **Matter**—

1. must not vote or take part in the decision of the **Executive** and/or sub-Executive relating to the **Matter** unless all members of the **Executive** who are not interested in the **Matter** consent; and
2. must not sign any document relating to the entry into a transaction or the initiation of the **Matter** unless all members of the **Executive** who are not interested in the **Matter** consent; but
3. may take part in any discussion of the **Executive** and/or sub-Executive relating to the **Matter** and be present at the time of the decision of the **Executive** and/or sub-Executive (unless the **Executive** and/or sub-Executive decides otherwise).

However, an **Officer** or member of a sub-Executive who is prevented from voting on a **Matter** may still be counted for the purpose of determining whether there is a quorum at any meeting at which the **Matter** is considered.

Where 50 per cent or more of **Officers** are prevented from voting on a **Matter** because they are interested in that **Matter**, a **Special General Meeting** must be called to consider and determine the **Matter**, unless all non-interested **Officers** agree otherwise.

Where 50 per cent or more of the members of a sub-Executive are prevented from voting on a **Matter** because they are interested in that **Matter**, the **Executive** shall consider and determine the **Matter**.

Patrons

Any person for sufficient reason may, if unanimously nominated by the Executive for that purpose, be elected at any General Meeting as a Patron of the Club. Patrons of the Club shall be entitled to the privileges of the Club and entitled to vote at a General Meeting. Such Patrons shall pay no subscriptions or levies of the Club.

- a) A Patron of the Club is entitled to bear office, if nominated, seconded and elected at a General Meeting.
- b) Patrons are non-voting members of the Executive unless elected as per section a) in the above matter at a General Meeting.
- c) Patrons may attend Executive meetings each month and may not be required to sit in on “in committee” discussions of the meeting unless requested to do so.
- d) Patrons can not nominate or second members to the Executive.

Records

Register of Members

The **Club** shall keep an up-to-date Register of Members.

For each current **Member**, the information contained in the Register of Members shall include —

- Their name, and
- The date on which they became a **Member** (if there is no record of the date they joined, this date will be recorded as ‘Unknown’), and
- Their contact details, including —
 - A physical address or an electronic address, and
 - A telephone number.

The register will also include each **Member's** —

- postal address
- email address (if any)
- occupation
- whether the **Member** is financial or unfinancial

- Full details of any watercraft owned by the **Member** (including name, rig and other particulars of every boat or yacht belonging to such **Member** and shall from time to time notify of any changes in ownership or particulars of the watercraft. All registered boats shall display a current sticker on their boat trailer wrench post.

Every current **Member** shall promptly advise the **Club** of any change of the **Member's** contact details.

The **Club** shall also keep a record of the former **Members** of the **Club**. For each **Member** who ceased to be a **Member** within the previous 7 years, the **Club** will record:

- The former **Member's** name, and
- The date the former **Member** ceased to be a **Member**.

Interests Register

The **Executive** shall at all times maintain an up-to-date register of the interests disclosed by **Officers** and by members of any sub-Executive.

Access to information for members

A **Member** may at any time make a written request to the **Club** for information held by the **Club**.

The request must specify the information sought in sufficient detail to enable the information to be identified.

The **Club** must, within a reasonable time after receiving a request —

1. provide the information, or
2. agree to provide the information within a specified period, or
3. agree to provide the information within a specified period if the **Member** pays a reasonable charge to the **Club** (which must be specified and explained) to meet the cost of providing the information, or
4. refuse to provide the information, specifying the reasons for the refusal.

Without limiting the reasons for which the **Club** may refuse to provide the information, the **Club** may refuse to provide the information if —

1. withholding the information is necessary to protect the privacy of natural persons, including that of deceased natural persons, or

2. the disclosure of the information would, or would be likely to, prejudice the commercial position of the **Club** or of any of its **Members**, or
3. the disclosure of the information would, or would be likely to, prejudice the financial or commercial position of any other person, whether or not that person supplied the information to the **Club**, or
4. the information is not relevant to the operation or affairs of the Club, or
5. withholding the information is necessary to maintain legal professional privilege, or
6. the disclosure of the information would, or would be likely to, breach an enactment, or
7. the burden to the **Club** in responding to the request is substantially disproportionate to any benefit that the **Member** (or any other person) will or may receive from the disclosure of the information, or
8. the request for the information is frivolous or vexatious, or
9. the request seeks information about a dispute or complaint which is or has been the subject of the procedures for resolving such matters under this **Constitution** and the **Act**.

If the **Club** requires the **Member** to pay a charge for the information, the **Member** may withdraw the request, and must be treated as having done so unless, within 10 **Working Days** after receiving notification of the charge, the **Member** informs the **Club** —

1. that the **Member** will pay the charge; or
2. that the **Member** considers the charge to be unreasonable.

Nothing in this rule limits Information Privacy Principle 6 of the Privacy Act 2020 relating to access to personal information.

Finances

Control and management

The funds and property of the **Club** shall be—

- controlled, invested and disposed of by the **Executive**, subject to this **Constitution**, and
- devoted solely to the promotion of the purposes of the **Club**.

The **Executive** shall maintain bank accounts in the name of the **Club**.

All money received on account of the **Club** shall be banked within five (5) **Working Days** of receipt.

All accounts paid or for payment shall be submitted to the **Executive** for approval of payment.

The **Executive** must ensure that there are kept at all times accounting records that—

1. correctly record the transactions of the **Club**, and
2. allow the **Club** to produce financial statements that comply with the requirements of the **Act**, and
3. would enable the financial statements to be readily and properly audited (if required under any legislation or the **Club's Constitution**).

The **Executive** must establish and maintain a satisfactory system of control of the **Club's** accounting records.

The accounting records must be kept in written form or in a form or manner that is easily accessible and convertible into written form. And the accounting records must be kept for the current accounting period and for the last 7 completed accounting periods of the **Club**.

Balance date

The **Club's** financial year shall commence on 1 July of each year and end on 30 June (the latter date being the **Club's** balance date).

Dispute resolution

Meanings of dispute and complaint

A dispute is a disagreement or conflict involving the **Club** and/or its **Members** in relation to specific allegations set out below.

The disagreement or conflict may be between any of the following persons—

1. 2 or more **Members**
2. 1 or more **Members** and the **Club**
3. 1 or more **Members** and 1 or more **Officers**
4. 2 or more **Officers**
5. 1 or more **Officers** and the **Club**
6. 1 or more **Members** or **Officers** and the **Club**.

The disagreement or conflict relates to any of the following allegations—

1. a **Member** or an **Officer** has engaged in misconduct
2. a **Member** or an **Officer** has breached, or is likely to breach, a duty under the **Club's Constitution** or bylaws or the **Act**
3. the **Club** has breached, or is likely to breach, a duty under the **Club's Constitution** or bylaws or the **Act**
4. a **Member's** rights or interests as a **Member** have been damaged or **Member's** rights or interests generally have been damaged.

A **Member** or an **Officer** may make a complaint by giving to the **Executive** (or a complaints sub-Executive) a notice in writing that—

1. states that the **Member** or **Officer** is starting a procedure for resolving a dispute in accordance with the **Club's Constitution**; and
2. sets out the allegation(s) to which the dispute relates and whom the allegation or allegations is or are against; and
3. sets out any other information or allegations reasonably required by the **Club**.

The **Club** may make a complaint involving an allegation against a **Member** or an **Officer** by giving to the **Member** or **Officer** a notice in writing that—

1. states that the **Club** is starting a procedure for resolving a dispute in accordance with the **Club's Constitution**; and
2. sets out the allegation to which the dispute relates.

The information setting out the allegations must be sufficiently detailed to ensure that a person against whom an allegation or allegations is made is fairly advised of the allegation or allegations concerning them, with sufficient details given to enable that person to prepare a response.

A complaint may be made in any other reasonable manner permitted by the **Club's Constitution**.

All **Members** (including the **Executive**) are obliged to cooperate to resolve disputes efficiently, fairly, and with minimum disruption to the **Club's** activities.

The complainant raising a dispute, and the **Executive**, must consider and discuss whether a dispute may best be resolved through informal discussions, mediation, arbitration, or a tikanga-based practice. Where mediation or arbitration is agreed on, the parties will sign a suitable mediation or arbitration agreement.

How complaint is made

1. A **Member** or an **Officer** may make a complaint by giving to the **Executive** (or a complaints sub-Executive) a notice in writing that—
 1. states that the **Member** or **Officer** is starting a procedure for resolving a dispute in accordance with the **Club's Constitution**; and
 2. sets out the allegation or allegations to which the dispute relates and whom the allegation is against; and
 3. sets out any other information reasonably required by the **Club**.
2. The **Club** may make a complaint involving an allegation or allegations against a **Member** or an **Officer** by giving to the **Member** or **Officer** a notice in writing that—
 1. states that the **Club** is starting a procedure for resolving a dispute in accordance with the **Club's Constitution**; and
 2. sets out the allegation to which the dispute relates.
3. The information given under subclause (1b.) or (2b.) must be sufficient to ensure that a person against whom an allegation is made is fairly advised of the allegation or allegations concerning them, with sufficient details given to enable that person to prepare a response.
4. A complaint may be made in any other reasonable manner permitted by the **Club's Constitution**.

Person who makes complaint has right to be heard

1. A **Member** or an **Officer** who makes a complaint has a right to be heard before the complaint is resolved or any outcome is determined.
2. If the **Club** makes a complaint—
 1. the **Club** has a right to be heard before the complaint is resolved or any outcome is determined; and
 2. an **Officer** may exercise that right on behalf of the **Club**.
3. Without limiting the manner in which the **Member**, **Officer**, or **Club** may be given the right to be heard, they must be taken to have been given the right if—
 1. they have a reasonable opportunity to be heard in writing or at an oral hearing (if one is held); and
 2. an oral hearing is held if the decision maker considers that an oral hearing is needed to ensure an adequate hearing; and
 3. an oral hearing (if any) is held before the decision maker; and
 4. the **Member's**, **Officer's**, or **Club's** written or verbal statement or submissions (if any) are considered by the decision maker.

Person who is subject of complaint has right to be heard

1. This clause applies if a complaint involves an allegation that a **Member**, an **Officer**, or the **Club** (the 'respondent')—
 1. has engaged in misconduct; or
 2. has breached, or is likely to breach, a duty under the **Club's Constitution** or bylaws or this **Act**; or
 3. has damaged the rights or interests of a **Member** or the rights or interests of **Members** generally.
2. The respondent has a right to be heard before the complaint is resolved or any outcome is determined.
3. If the respondent is the **Club**, an **Officer** may exercise the right on behalf of the **Club**.
4. Without limiting the manner in which a respondent may be given a right to be heard, a respondent must be taken to have been given the right if—
 1. the respondent is fairly advised of all allegations concerning the respondent, with sufficient details and time given to enable the respondent to prepare a response; and
 2. the respondent has a reasonable opportunity to be heard in writing or at an oral hearing (if one is held); and
 3. an oral hearing is held if the decision maker considers that an oral hearing is needed to ensure an adequate hearing; and
 4. an oral hearing (if any) is held before the decision maker; and
 5. the respondent's written statement or submissions (if any) are considered by the decision maker.

Investigating and determining dispute

1. The **Club** must, as soon as is reasonably practicable after receiving or becoming aware of a complaint made in accordance with its **Constitution**, ensure that the dispute is investigated and determined.
2. Disputes must be dealt with under the **Constitution** in a fair, efficient, and effective manner and in accordance with the provisions of the **Act**.

Club may decide not to proceed further with complaint

Despite the 'Investigating and determining dispute' rule above, the **Club** may decide not to proceed further with a complaint if—

1. the complaint is considered to be trivial; or
2. the complaint does not appear to disclose or involve any allegation of the following kind:
 1. that a **Member** or an **Officer** has engaged in material misconduct;
 2. that a **Member**, an **Officer**, or the **Club** has materially breached, or is likely to materially breach, a duty under the **Club's Constitution** or bylaws or the **Act**;
 3. that a **Member's** rights or interests or **Members'** rights or interests generally have been materially damaged;
3. the complaint appears to be without foundation or there is no apparent evidence to support it; or
4. the person who makes the complaint has an insignificant interest in the matter; or
5. the conduct, incident, event, or issue giving rise to the complaint has already been investigated and dealt with under the **Constitution**; or
6. there has been an undue delay in making the complaint.

Club may refer complaint

1. The **Club** may refer a complaint to—
 1. a sub-Executive or an external person to investigate and report; or
 2. a sub-Executive, an arbitral tribunal, or an external person to investigate and make a decision.
2. The **Club** may, with the consent of all parties to a complaint, refer the complaint to any type of consensual dispute resolution (for example, mediation, facilitation, or a tikanga-based practice).

Decision makers

A person may not act as a decision maker in relation to a complaint if 2 or more members of the **Executive** or a complaints sub-Executive consider that there are reasonable grounds to believe that the person may not be—

1. impartial; or
2. able to consider the matter without a predetermined view.

Liquidation and removal from the register

Resolving to put Club into liquidation

The **Club** may be liquidated in accordance with the provisions of Part 5 of the **Act**.

The **Executive** shall give twenty (20) **Working Days** written **Notice** to all **Members** of the proposed resolution to put the **Club** into liquidation.

The **Executive** shall also give written **Notice** to all **Members** of the **General Meeting** at which any such proposed resolution is to be considered. The **Notice** shall include all information as required by section 228(4) of the **Act**.

Any resolution to put the **Club** into liquidation must be passed by five (5) percent majority of all **Members** present and voting.

Resolving to apply for removal from the register

The **Club** may be removed from the Register of Incorporated Societies in accordance with the provisions of Part 5 of the **Act**.

The **Executive** shall give twenty (20) **Working Days** written **Notice** to all **Members** of the proposed resolution to remove the **Club** from the Register of Incorporated Societies.

The **Executive** shall also give written **Notice** to all **Members** of the **General Meeting** at which any such proposed resolution is to be considered. The **Notice** shall include all information as required by section 228(4) of the **Act**.

Any resolution to remove the **Club** from the Register of Incorporated Societies must be passed by a five (5) percent majority of all **Members** present and voting.

Surplus assets

If the **Club** is liquidated or removed from the Register of Incorporated Societies, no distribution shall be made to any **Member**.

On the liquidation or removal from the Register of Incorporated Societies of the **Club**, its surplus assets — after payment of all debts, costs and liabilities — shall be disposed of in such a manner as the Club shall by “Special Resolution” determine provided that all said surplus assets are applied for charitable purposes within New Zealand, or as a Judge of the High Court of New Zealand directs.

However, in any resolution under this rule, the **Club** may approve a different distribution to a different not-for-profit entity from that specified above, so long as the **Club** complies with this **Constitution** and the **Act** in all other respects.

Alterations to the constitution

Amending this constitution

All amendments must be made in accordance with this **Constitution**. Any minor or technical amendments shall be notified to **Members** as required by section 31 of the **Act**.

The **Club** may amend or replace this **Constitution** at a **General Meeting** by a resolution passed by five (5) percent majority of those **Members** present and voting.

That amendment may be approved by a resolution passed in lieu of a meeting but only if authorised by this **Constitution**.

Any proposed resolution to amend or replace this **Constitution** shall be signed by at least five (5) percent of eligible **Members** and given in writing to the **Executive** at least twenty-one (21) **Working Days** before the **General Meeting** at which the resolution is to be considered and accompanied by a written explanation of the reasons for the proposal.

At least ten (10) **Working Days** before the **General Meeting** at which any amendment is to be considered the **Executive** shall give to all **Members** notice of the proposed resolution, the reasons for the proposal, and any recommendations the **Executive** has.

When an amendment is approved by a **General Meeting** it shall be notified to the Registrar of Incorporated Societies in the form and manner specified in the **Act** for registration, and shall take effect from the date of registration.

Other

Bylaws

The **Executive** from time to time may make and amend bylaws, and policies for the conduct and control of **Club** activities and codes of conduct applicable to **Members**, but no such bylaws, policies or codes of conduct applicable to **Members** shall be inconsistent with this **Constitution**, the **Act**, regulations made under the **Act**, or any other legislation.

Certification

We hereby certify that a quorum being present, this constitution was adopted by a majority of the members present and voting at the Annual General Meeting held on 24 August 2025.

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Commodore

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Secretary

DRAFT